

## 17. Vocabulary 1.

NOUNS:	נָעַר	<i>ná'ar</i>	young man, boy, lad; also used in the sense of “attendant, servant”
	זָקֵן	<i>zāqēn</i>	old man, elder (of a city)
	בַּיִת	<i>báyit</i>	house
	נָהָר	<i>nāhār</i>	river
	שָׂדֵה	<i>śādeh</i>	field
	דֶּרֶךְ	<i>derek</i>	road, way (m. or f.)
PREPOSITIONS:	עַל-	<i>'al-</i>	on, upon, against, concerning, because of, over
	בְּ	<i>bə</i>	(see §15a) in, with (in the sense “by means of”)
	אֶצֶל	<i>'éšel</i>	near, beside, by
ADVERBS:	שָׁם	<i>šām</i>	there, in that place
	אֵיפֶה	<i>'ayyēh</i>	where? in what place?
CONJUNCTION:	וְ	<i>wə</i>	and [prefixed directly to the following word: <i>wəhānná'ar</i> , and the young man]