40. The Demonstrative Adjectives and Pronouns.

SINGULAR				Plural		
masc. fem.	•	zeh zō(') <u>t</u>		אַּלֶּה	'élleh	these
masc. fem.		hû' hî'	that that		hēm hénnāh	

These words have a usage parallel to that of the adjective.

hā'îš hazzeh	this man
hā'iššāh hazzō(') <u>t</u>	this woman
hā'ănāšîm hā'élleh	these men
hannāšîm hā'élleh	these women
hā'îš hahû'	that man
hā'iššāh hahî'	that woman
hā'ănāšîm hāhēm	those men
hannāšîm hāhénnāh	those women
	hā'ānāšîm hā'ēlleh hannāšîm hā'ēlleh hā'îš hahû' hā'iššāh hahî' hā'ănāšîm hāhēm

The demonstrative stands last in a series of adjectives:

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הָאָישׁ הַטּוֹב הַזֶּה hāʾîš haṭṭôḇ hazzeh this good man this good woman hāʾiššāh haṭṭôḇāh hazzō(ʾ)t this good woman
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The form without the article has the status of a pronoun (compare the use of the predicate adjective):

וֶה הָאִישׁ	zeh hā'îš	This is the man.
ואת הָאִשָּׁה	zō(') <u>t</u> hā'iššāh	This is the woman.
	'élleh haddə <u>b</u> ārîm	These are the words.

Note that agreement in number and gender is present, as with the adjective.